

# DIRECT STEREOSPECIFIC SYNTHESIS OF UNPROTECTED N-H AND N-ME AZIRIDINES FROM OLEFINS

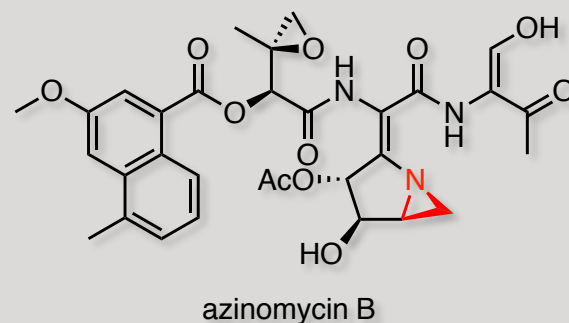
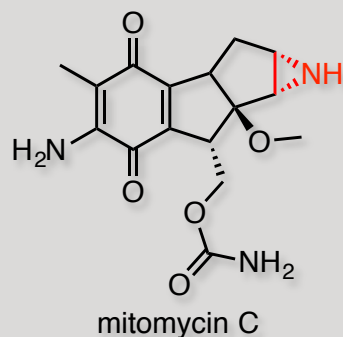
Jat, J. L.; Paudyal, M. P.; Gao, H.; Xu, Q.-L.; Yousufuddin, M.; Devarajan, D.; Ess, D. H.; Kürti, L.; Falck, J. R.

*Science*, **2014**, *343*, 61

Joshua Sacher  
Current Lit  
18 Jan 2014

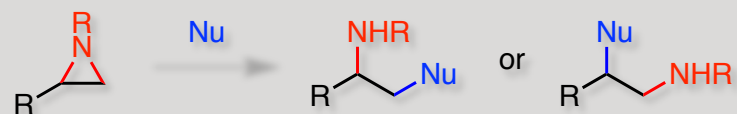
# THE IMPORTANCE OF AZIRIDINES

## Natural products

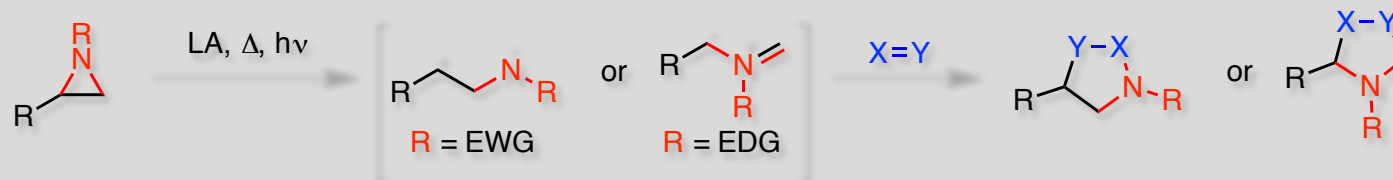


## Reactive functional group

electrophile



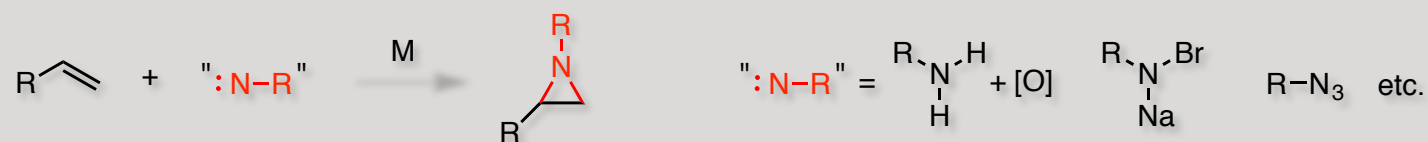
[3+2] reactions



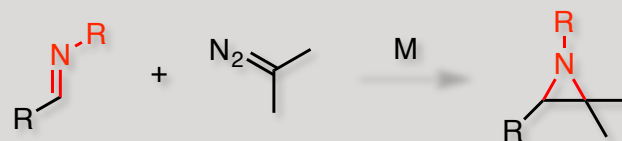
Padwa, A.; Murphree, S. S. *ARKIVOC*, 2006, *iii*, 6

# AZIRIDINE SYNTHESIS

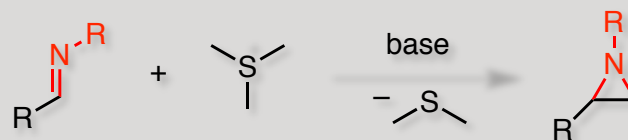
## Nitrene



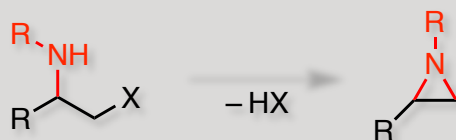
## Carbene



## Sulfur ylide

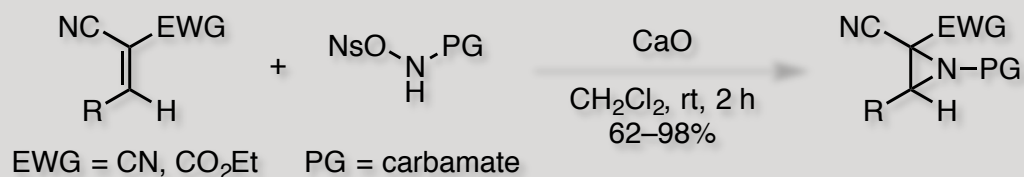


## Nucleophilic cyclization

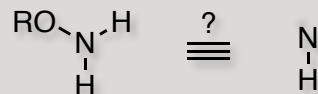
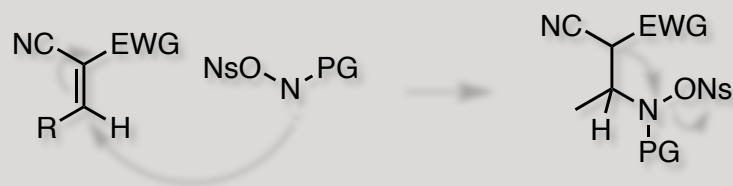


Padwa, A.; Murphree, S. S. *ARKIVOC*, 2006, *iii*, 6

# HYDROXYLAMINES IN AZIRIDINATION



via

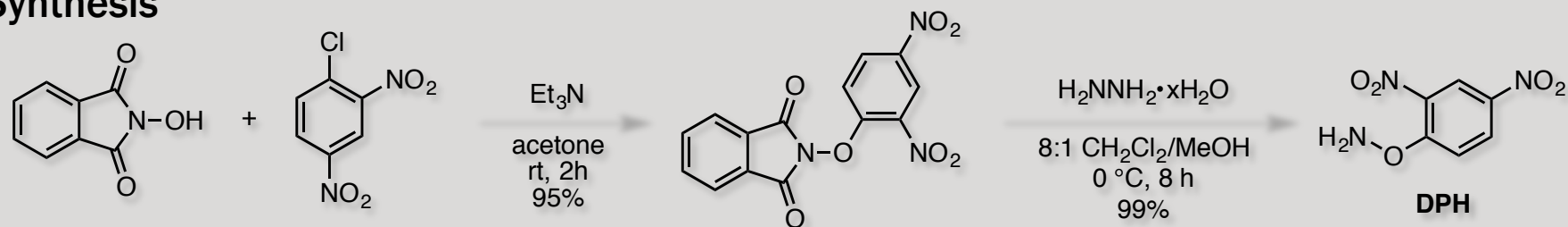


**Possibility of using O-(EWG) hydroxylamine as nitrene?**

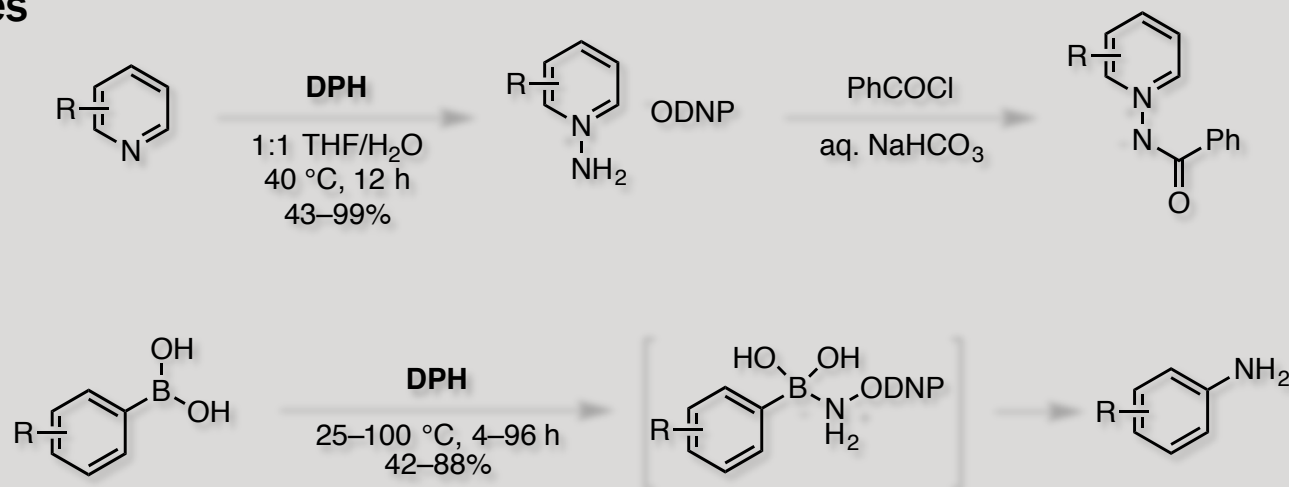
Fiorvanti, S.; Morreale, A.; Pellacani, L.; Tardella, P. A. *Synlett*, 2004, 1083

# O-(2,4-DINITROPHENYL)HYDROXYLAMINE

## Synthesis



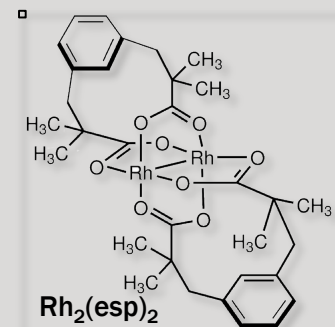
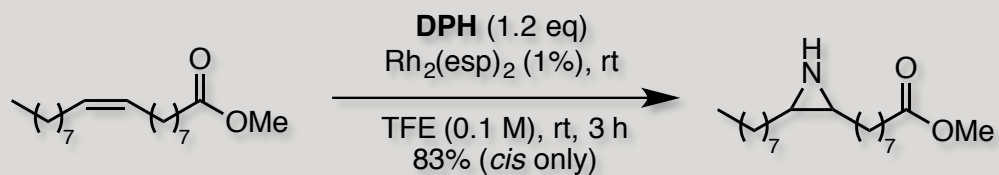
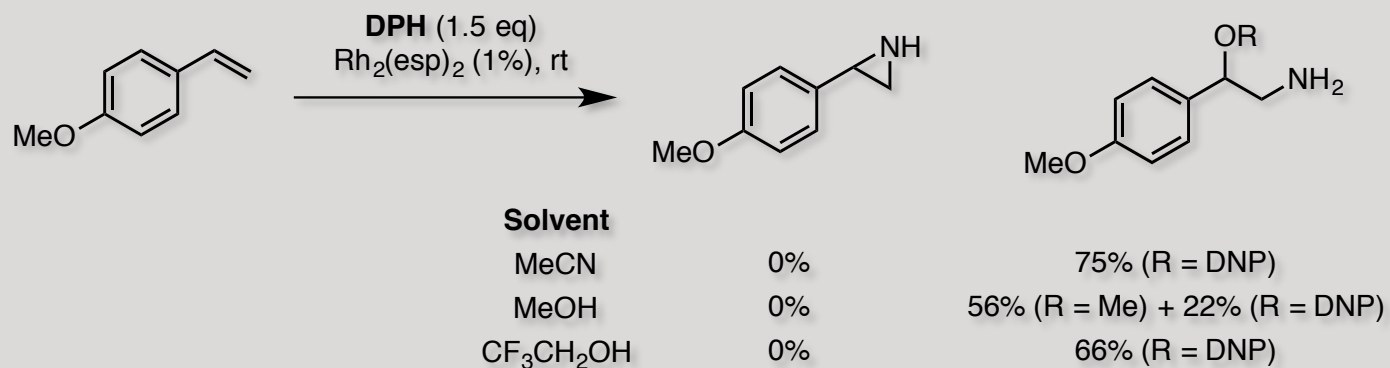
## Previous uses



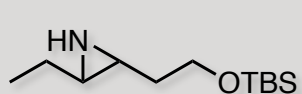
Legault, C.; Charette, A. B. *J. Org. Chem.* **2003**, *68*, 7119

Zhu, C.; Li, G.; Ess, D. H.; Falck, J. R.; Kürti, L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 18253

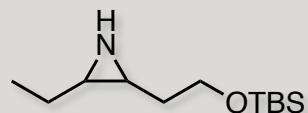
# INITIAL STUDIES



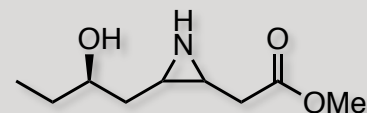
# SUBSTRATE SCOPE: ALIPHATIC



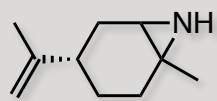
1% cat., 4 h, 72%



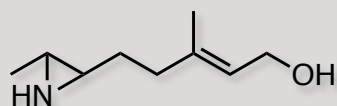
2 x 1% cat., 29 h, 55%



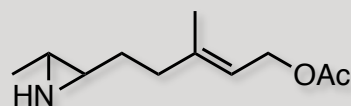
3 x 1% cat., 6 h, 82% (1:1 dr)



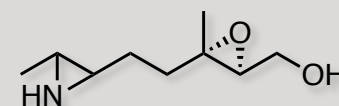
1% cat., 12 h, 72%  
(1:1 dr, 9:1 regio)



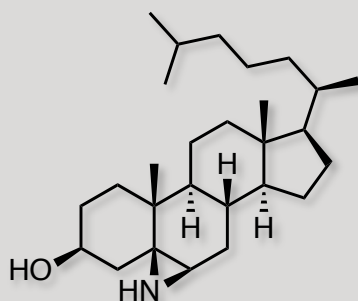
1% cat., 3 h, 71%  
(5:1 regio)



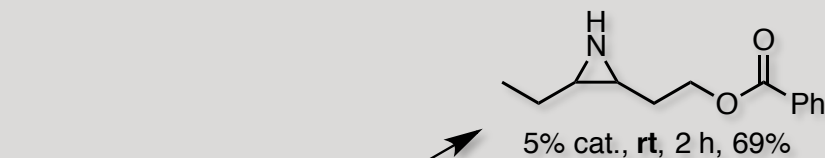
1% cat., 5 h, 81%  
(14:1 regio)



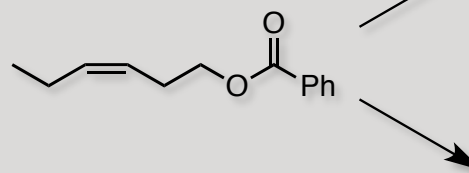
1% cat., 0 °C, 5 h  
81% (1:1 dr)



2.2 eq. DPH, 2 x 1% cat.  
1:1 THF/TFE, 48 h, 71%

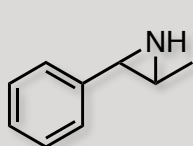


5% cat., rt, 2 h, 69%

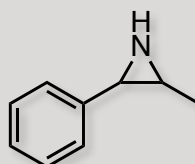


4 x 1% cat., 50 °C  
96 h, 84%

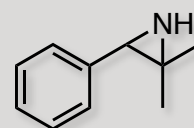
# SUBSTRATE SCOPE: AROMATIC, N-ME



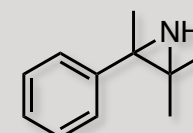
1% cat. -10 °C  
14 h, 53%



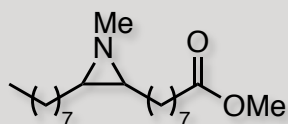
3 x 1% cat. -10 °C  
68 h, 76%



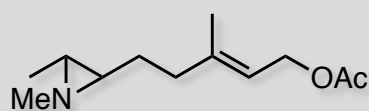
1% cat., 3h, 92%



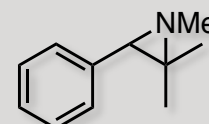
1% cat, 1.5 h, 70%



2% cat., 6 h, 80%



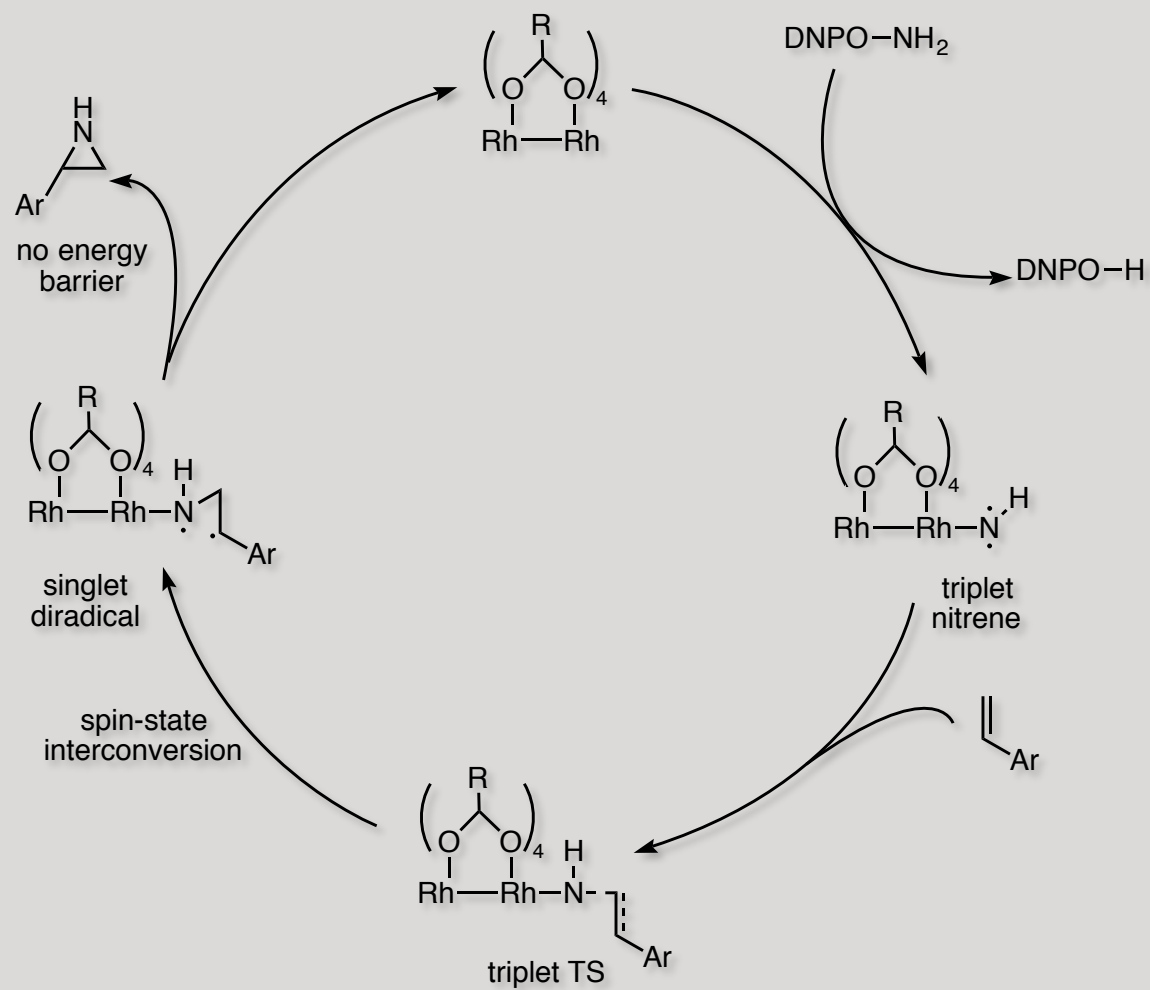
1.25% cat., 4 h  
83% (>30:1 regio)



1.25% cat., 4 h, 81%

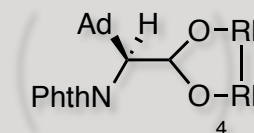


# PROPOSED MECHANISM

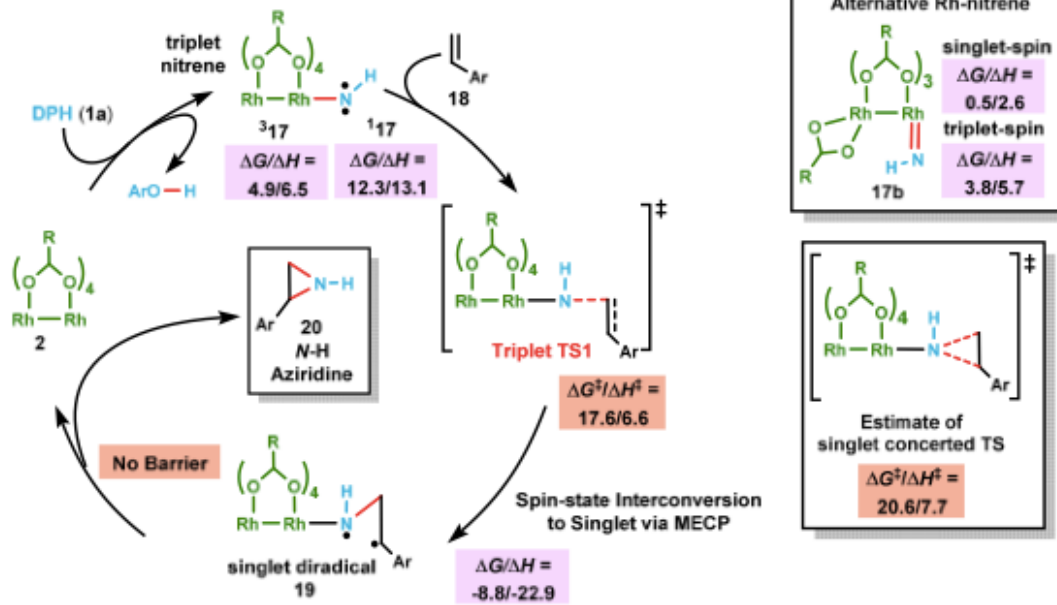


# SUMMARY

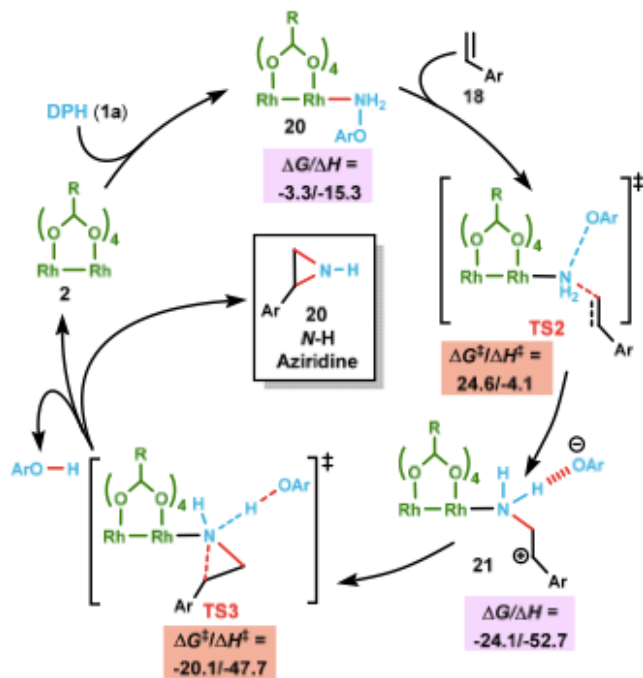
- **New method for the direct formation of unprotected/methyl aziridines**
  - Easily synthesized DPH as nitrogen source
  - Retention of alkene geometry
  - Mild conditions, low catalyst loading
- **Behind the scenes:**
  - Large catalyst screen (Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Ru, Rh, Pd, Ir, Au)
  - No competing C–H amination (cyclohexene)
  - Attempt at asymmetric reaction using Rh<sub>2</sub>-(S)-PTAD
- **For the future**
  - Successful asymmetric reaction?
  - Expand scope of aryl compounds
  - Alkynes → azirines?
  - Application in complex synthesis



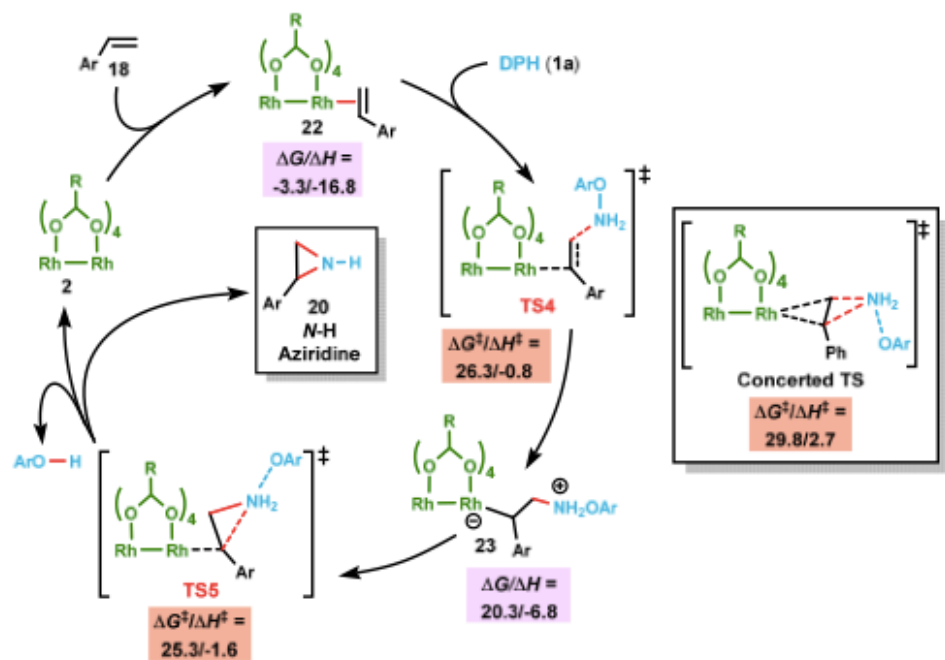
### Catalytic Cycle A: Rh-Nitrene



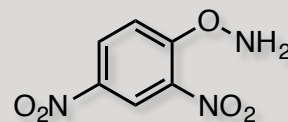
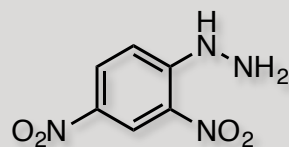
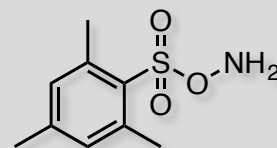
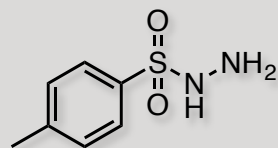
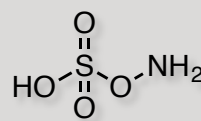
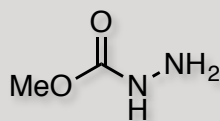
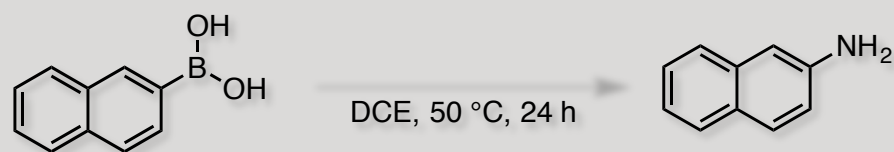
### Catalytic Cycle B: Rh-Amine



### Catalytic Cycle C: Rh-Alkene



# AMINATING AGENTS



Zhu, C.; Li, G.; Ess, D. H.; Falck, J. R.; Kürti, L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 18253

# TITLE

## References